

# Homotopie et Homologie

## Exercise Set 3

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1. Let  $E_*$  be a homology theory on  $\mathbf{Top}_{rel}$ . Let  $X_n = \{1, \dots, n\}$ , endowed with the discrete topology.
  - (a) Calculate  $E_*(X_n, \emptyset)$  in terms of  $E_*(X_1, \emptyset)$ .
  - (b) Calculate  $E_*(X_n, X_k)$  in terms of  $E_*(X_1, \emptyset)$ , for all  $k \leq n$ .
  - (c) For all  $n \geq 1$ , let  $Y_n = D^1 \amalg \dots \amalg D^n$ , where  $D^k$  is the disk of dimension  $k$ . Calculate  $E_*(Y_n, Y_k)$  in terms of  $E_*(X_1, \emptyset)$ , for all  $k \leq n$ .
2. (The 5-Lemma) Let

$$\begin{array}{ccccccccc}
 A_1 & \xrightarrow{f_1} & A_2 & \xrightarrow{f_2} & A_3 & \xrightarrow{f_3} & A_4 & \xrightarrow{f_4} & A_5 \\
 \alpha_1 \downarrow & & \alpha_2 \downarrow & & \alpha_3 \downarrow & & \alpha_4 \downarrow & & \alpha_5 \downarrow \\
 B_1 & \xrightarrow{g_1} & B_2 & \xrightarrow{g_2} & B_3 & \xrightarrow{g_3} & B_4 & \xrightarrow{g_4} & B_5
 \end{array}$$

be a commutative diagram in  $\mathbf{Ab}$  with exact rows. Show that if

- $\alpha_2$  and  $\alpha_4$  are isomorphisms,
- $\alpha_1$  is surjective, and
- $\alpha_5$  is injective,

then  $\alpha_3$  is an isomorphism.

3. Let  $\tau_* : E_* \rightarrow E'_*$  be a morphism of homology theories on  $\mathbf{Top}_{rel}$ , i.e.,  $\tau_* = \{\tau_n \mid n \geq 0\}$ , where, for every  $n$ ,  $\tau_n : E_n \rightarrow E'_n$  is a natural transformation such that  $\tau_{n-1}\partial_n = \partial'_n\tau_{n-1}$ .

Apply the 5-Lemma to proving that if

$$(\tau_n)_{(X, \emptyset)} : E_n(X, \emptyset) \rightarrow E'_n(X, \emptyset)$$

is an isomorphism for all topological spaces  $X$ , then

$$(\tau_n)_{(X, A)} : E_n(X, A) \rightarrow E'_n(X, A)$$

is an isomorphism for all pairs  $(X, A)$ .

4. (Split exact sequences) A short exact sequence

$$0 \rightarrow A \xrightarrow{j} B \xrightarrow{p} C \rightarrow 0 \quad (0.1)$$

in  $\mathbf{Ab}$  is *split* if  $p$  admits a section, i.e., if there exists a homomorphism  $s : C \rightarrow B$  such that  $p \circ s = \text{Id}_C$ .

- (a) Show that the sequence (0.1) is split if and only if  $j$  admits a retraction, i.e., there exists a homomorphism  $r : B \rightarrow A$  such that  $r \circ j = \text{Id}_A$ .
- (b) Show that the sequence (0.1) is split if and only if there is an isomorphism  $\varphi : A \oplus C \xrightarrow{\cong} B$  such that  $\varphi \circ \iota = j$  and  $p \circ \varphi = \pi$ , where  $\iota : A \hookrightarrow A \oplus C$  and  $\pi : A \oplus C \rightarrow C$  are the natural inclusion and projection, respectively.
- (c) Give two examples of nonsplit short exact sequences.